

_____ County
_____ State republic

International Common Law Court of Justice
(without the United States)
Federal Judicial District Courthouse Address:

Case No.: _____

Declaration of Victimization Claim for Remedy & Agreement

Authority: God's Word, Gen. 1:26; Articles of Confederation; Declaration of Independence; Bill of Rights Amendment, Article I.
[cf. Public Law 92-500 Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972, Sec. 2, section 505. CITIZEN SUITS]

"I, _____, one of the people not subject to federal agencies' rules, regulations, ordinances or codes, not subject to their private statutory color of law in any way, shape or form, hereby give notice that I have suffered injury and harm, I am a victim of unlawful toxic and acidic discharges due to violation of the public trust by my trusted public servants, a duty of care that is believed to be knowingly breached with intent to harm the public at large, federal citizens and nationals alike, by poisoning my drinking water resources so that industries can gain unjust enrichments and thrive as the direct or indirect result of *unlawful discharges of toxic and acidic pollutants* mandated by US Congress to be contained and controlled at their individual sources pursuant to Sections 301, 302, 306, 307 and 402, of 'Pub. L. 92-500, AN ACT To Amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (of 1948), which states, *Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972, Sec. 2., section 505(f).*' Failure for my purported public servants to administer and enforce this Act Amendment has been unlawful since July 1, 1973; The Act Amendment is a 'strict liability' zero-tolerance law;

The Act Amendment was a congressional mandate to eliminate utilization of public sewers that had been determined to cause harm to public health and welfare by 1985, to contain and control all toxic acidic pollutants at their original source to prevent them from migrating to cause water and other environmental pollution; My entrusted public servants, in violation of their duty of care to humanity defined in international law, negligently failed to recognize the Act Amendment of 1972 and have continued to operate unlawfully under the "unlawful" Act of 1948, in violation of effluent standards and limitations mandated under the Act Amendment of 1972; Such unlawful act to be construed to further be in violation to the laws of war defined in the Lieber Code 1863 - Art. 16.;

Therefore, I, one of the people and pursuant to my authority above declared, support this action to sue the United States, Inc.; I claim my remedy as provided for under section 505 of the Act Amendment of 1972. **Except for one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in damages that I am requesting as remedy due me resulting from the trespass my trusted proported public servants have done upon my God-given unalienable right to clean water, good health and welfare;** I surrender the entire balance of all trust accounts of which I or my legal entity would be a beneficiary of to fund the National Contingency Plan congressionally mandated pursuant to section 311(c)(2), in compliance with section 301(a); Failure for an owner/operator to comply with these sections is a criminal violation of a "*strict liability public health law*" that has been unlawful since July 1, 1973 as defined under section 505(f), and attaches "criminal" penalties

under federal jurisdiction, each violation being declared by US Congress to be a **FELONY**, FEDERAL ENFORCEMENT, section 309(c); There is no statute of limitations for prosecution of acts of felonies;

Accordingly, I recognize this International Common Law Court of Justice as a separate court system, an environmental court to handle environmental matters as provided for by US Congress assembled in Pub. L. 92-500 Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972, Sec. 9. ENVIRONMENTAL COURT;

Further, I declare the judicial tribunal¹ of the International Common Law Court of Justice shall enjoy the final and superior international single-jurisdiction of, for and by the people, universal in nature, and as a member of the judicial tribunal of the people of this nation and all other nations and our waters, justice and clean water shall prevail;

Accordingly, I pledge my support to the administration and enforcement of the National Contingency Program as defined in the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendment of 1972, Sec. 2, section 311 (c)(2);

Agreed and Accepted

National Common Law Tribunal Member

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My Oath to God and the People

I, _____, a member of the judicial tribunal of the American people, do solemnly affirm to uphold the rules of this national common law court, so help me God.”

International Tribunal #: _____

Name

Signature

Date

Witness #1:

Witness #2:

~ ~ ~ it is done ~ ~ ~

Return to (your mailing address): _____

¹ **Judicial Tribunal.** The judicial tribunal consists of 1) the sovereign and his suit, 2) the independent grand jury at national common law, and 3) the sheriff (or marshal if in the federal jurisdiction) appointed by the people to administer execution of the judicial tribunal’s determinations.